

RIGHT OR WRONG:

EBENSBURG: THURSDAY::::::OCTOBER 19.

## Destruction of the Democratic Party.

When we remember what the Demccratic party has been, is it not a matter of astonishment and wonder to see where it is now? "How are the mighty fallen !" Under Jefferson, it was the great party of the people, and of equal rights as opposed to old-fashioned federalism. In the last war with Great Britain, it stood manfully by the old flag, replenished and kept alive our army, and, with Madison at its head, wrung from the British Lion a direct recognition of the rights of our brave scamen. While the federalists were holding Hartford Conventious, the Democracy rallied around their country's banner and saved it.

became somewhat obliterated, while the victory. This was the only naturally Readministration of John Quincy Adams well nigh broke them up entirely. Under determined stand was made by the oppo-General Jackson, the old Democratic party sition, and they left no means, soever disagain rallied and came up in its giant | honorable, untried to defeat Harry White, strength. Upon the great issues then the Union candidate, and elect Kennedy between it and the old Whig party, it L. Blood, their own candidate. The refought many a hard battle and came off sult is that White is elected by a majorivictorious. Again it rallied and elected ty of 1,539! So much for a "close" dis-Martin Van Buren to the Presidency .-In 1840, it went under the cloud, and General Harrison succeeded to the Presidential chair. In 1844, in the great thing else. But we have reduced their campaign between Henry Clay and James K. Polk, the latter came out of the fight | us look at it. In 1854 the highest Demvictorious, and again the Democratic par- ocratic majority received was 878; now ty took the ascendency. It was under the administration of Mr. Polk that the seeds | cratic majority was 834, now it is 792 .of the rebellion took new root.

the annexation of Texas to the then in- have elected our ticket-easily. coming administration was violated, and tion of General Taylor gave a temporary check to the spirit of slavery then developing itself in the Democratic organization; but the death of the old veteran left the Presidential chair in the hands of a man of expediency rather than principle, who became an easy conquest to the slave again rolled into power, counting its ma- | part and parcel of the election board! jorities by hundreds of thousands. In the Democracy of the North, defeated which we dismiss all consideration of the accident, appears to have been an Fremont and elected Buchanan. The treason of the old "Public Functionary" and his Democratic friends, which inaugurated the rebellion and let slip the dogs of civil war, made an end of their once the war, the Democratic party, as a party, was the friend and exponent of treason; its leaders sympathized with the rebels, and threw every possible obstruction in the way of the suppression of the rebel-

The Democratic party still keeps up a show of life, but it is in reality dead as a door nail. There is not a loyal State in which it has a majority of votes. With regard to the great States of Pennsylvania, Ohio and Indiana, the result of the late elections fully verifies this assertion. It is a party without a platform and without principles. As an ally of the rebeilion, it is looked upon with just suspicion by loyal men everywhere, and until it completely purges itself of the deadly treason which poisons every part of its organization, it cannot and will not be trusted. Its day of greatness, when it was looked upon as the sheet-anchor of the Republic, has pussed away; now, none so poor to do it reverence. It may give an occasional spasmodic kick, about election should be reduced to the miserable shift phia, is 5,661. times, but this will be a mere galvanic of pleading the cause of deserters from the phenomenon, resulting in nothing. It National service and skulkers from the will be impotent for further evil.

ifying conviction forces itself upon us that | solute bankruptcy ! the Democratic party is dead, beyond the cutioners.

## The Result.

The returns from the different counties of the State are not all in yet, but enough is known to render it certain that the Union majority will be in the neighborhood of 20,000. There is a great falling off from the vote of last year, which fact operated badly for the Republican party. The opposition always keep their forces well in hand, while we put much trust in the righteousness of our cause and in Providence. The result is, that there is always a looseness of effort on our part on election-day, while the opposition, theroughly organized and drilled, march up to the polls in solid phalanx. Our majority, with the proper effort on our part, might just as easily have been 50,000 as 20,000 ; still, we do not complain as to the latter figure. It is enough for all practical intents and purposes.

The new Legislature will be largely Republican. The House will consist of 64 Republicans to 36 Democrats. Of the eleven Senators elected, 7 are Republicans, and 4 Democrats. This leaves the Senate without change-19 Republicans to 14 Democrats. The Legislature will therefore stand about as follows:

Joint ballot ......83 In the XXIId Senatorial district, composed of Cambria, Indiana and Jefferson Under President Monroe, party lines counties, we have achieved a most signal publican district in the State wherein a

In our county the Democratic ticket is elected. Of course, no one expected anymajority considerably from last year. Let it is 855. In 1864, the average Demo-If our full vote had been out, and if the A solemn agreement entered into by disfranchised deserters from the draft had John Tyler to pass over the question of not been permitted to vote, we would

On the whole, we are well pleased with treason began to draw its deadly coils the result. We might have done better, around the Democratic party. The elec- but then, again, we might have done

> "Ring the bells, and fire the guns, And fling the Starry Banner out, Shout ' Victory! ' till the little ones Give back their cradle-shout I'

# Democratic Tactics.

At the late election in this county, depower. The fair pledges of Franklin serters from the draft and skedaddlers Pierce gave him an easy conquest in the | voted in a majority of the election dis-Presidential contest between him and tricts. In at least one district, (Wash-Presidential contest between him and tricts. In at least one district, (Wash- two daughters, and apparently Germans, General Scott, and the Democratic party ington township,) these men composed supposed to be recently from California,

In Cambria and Blacklick townships, Pierce, the slave power found a willing | the boards refused to receive the votes of instrument of wickedness, and his admin- the deserters. The Democratic leaders istration culminated in the repudiation of profess to be violently displeased with tives. The others have been temporarily the old Missouri compact. This act this action, and have prosecuted those proved the entire destruction of the old | Boards for alleged fraud and violation of Whig party; but the slave power, by uni- their oaths. The question here raised ting the entire Southern vote with that of | will of course be referred to the Courts, to

Just prior to the election, the following circular was issued by the two gentlemen whose names are attached thereto, one of them the District Attorney of Cambria powerful political organization. During county and the other a prominent practitioner at this Bar. It will be noticed that these two wise men-wise in the lawtake it apon themselves to prejudge the question as to the right of deserters to vote, and, coolly constituting themselves a tribunal of competent jurisdiction, decide that the Act of Congress of March 3, circular was sent to each election district boards on the morning of the election .-

We place it on record: EBENSBURG, Oct. 3, 1865. Abolitionists who favor the right of negro voting, are now trying to prevent white men from exercising that privilege. We most solemnly assure our friends, that no Act of prevent any man, otherwise qualified, from tablished between other points. the right of voting. The right to vote is The projector declares that I fixed by State laws, and we shall take care to see that any election officer denying this right shall be dealt with according to law. R. L. JOHNSTON,

PHIL. S. NOON. What a commentary upon the one-time great Democratic party, that its leaders National draft, to the end that they might Turn whichever way we may, the grat- obtain enough votes to keep it from ab-

We may add that Messrs. Johnston and the hope of resurrection. And its doom Noon have been prosecuted from Gallitzin is just. The punishment of treason is boro, for attempting, through their circudeath, and the people have been its exe- lar, to intimidate the election board of that district.

# Terrible Railroad Accident.

P. Linton. K. Zahm.. Campbell..

On Saturday last, as the day express train east on the Pennsylvania Railroad was within four miles of Lancaster, an axle of the head passenger car broke, and hurt. The train consisted of seven passenger and two baggage cars. The last four cars were thrown off the track, one in these cars were seriously hurt.

for

held in

Official Returns

Mrs. Kaufiman's mill, in a cut on the to the laws of evidence of this State." road, nearly midway between Lancaster and Landisville. The passengers were immediately brought to Lancaster, where preparations were made to minister to the wants of the wounded, the entire medical

wife of Hon James P. Barr, of Pittsburg, Surveyor General of Pennsylvania. Col. Butler, killed, was whiskey inspec-

tor in Philadelphia.

General's office, Penna. Mrs. Willet, killed, was the wife of Theodore Willet, of New Cumberland,

The three children who were with Mrs. Yetty, (or Getty) of Milwaukee, state that their father had died in the south, and that they were going to an aunt in Philadelphia, whose name they could not give.

Three females, evidently a mother and have not yet been identified. One of the gir's may have been fifteen years of age and the other nine. All the bodies, except that of Mrs. Yetty and the three not deposited in a vault in one of our ceme-

The train was running on schedule time, and at the usual rate of speed. The unavoidable occurrence.

ANOTHER ATLANTIC CABLE. - Another scheme of Atlantic telegraph communication is brought before the public by a Spanish engineer, one Senor Arturo De Manoartu. The route which he suggests is from Lisbon or Cadiz through the Canary and Cape Verd Islands, St. Paul to Cape St. Roque, Cayenne and thence along the Caribbean range to Key West, there to be merged into the American telegraph system.

The advantage of this line would be that it could not be a monopoly under the control of one Government, as the Irish 1865, and the President's Proclamation of and New Foundland telegraph would have March 10, 1865, are null and void! This been. The line would leave the most western points of Europe, which are Spanin the county, and was read to the several ish, and join the most eastern coast of America, which is Brazilian. This line from Cana St. Vincent in Europe, to Cape San Roque in America has the advantage of passing by many important islands, and by various capes and banks favorably situated for the subdivision of the length of the line into short sections-shorter, in-Congress or Presidential Protlamation, can | deed, than many of the lines already es-

The projector declares that he has the proper concessions from the Governments interested, and that he expects to be able before long to commence operations.

The official majority of Morton M'Michael, Union, for Mayor of Philadel-

Senator in this (the XXIId) district: Blood. White. Cambria..... 2,710 1,973 

5,969 7,508 White's majority, 1,539.

## 1856 2886 1957 2716 1918 2749 1973 2710 1934 2739 1909 2764 1940 2723 1946 2715 1907 2731 1828 2652 1935 The President's Policy Developed in Mississippi.

Auditor

General.

148 39 13 152

42 245 5 65 11 94

119

126

15

120 115

185

86 162 105

M'Clell au.

146

20 317

Districts :

Conemaugh tp...... Conemaugh bor, 1st W.

Ebensburg, E. W.....

Johnstown, 1st W .....

Summerhill tp.....

Susquehanna tp ......

Washington tp.....

3d W.....

4th W .....

5th W ....

Gallitzin.....

Croyle tp ....

President Johnson, through Governor Sharkey, has "put his foot down" in Mississippi. This was brought about by the a part of it striking the bottom of the car, opposition manifested to admitting negroes near the front end, tore out part of the in that State to the witness-box and to Abraham Crum, bottom, precipitating the occupants off placing them on an equality with the H. J. Campbell, their seats, on each side, to the ground, white man as to suing and being sued .who were run over by the wheels of the The Governor, prompted, no doubt, by rear truck. Eight persons were killed President Johnson, has put his foot down T. B. Davis, outright, and another died some hours thus: "The late constitutional amend- Mrs. M. M. Evans, afterwards. Only two others were badly ment, which abolishes slavery, and in declaring that the negro shall be protected in his person and property, establishes principles, which of themselves, entitle of which was turned on its side. No one the negro to sue and be sued, and as a necessary incident to such right, that he The accident occurred nearly opposite is made competent as a witness, according

Here we have the true definition of the President's policy, and we commend it to those persons who hastily asserted that it did not protect negroes in their personal rights. It will be perceived that the force of the city being assembled at the whole thing is embraced in the position, depot as soon as the news of the accident | that when slavery went down, the slave code went with it. It is said suffrage en- | and State, street and number, sign them plain-Mrs. Barr, one of the killed, was the sues consequently; we remark, then the ly with full name, and request that answers negroes of all the Northern States, with be directed accordingly. one or two exceptions, have been kept from the polls illegally. The policy of the President, as we see it developed, W. H. Butler, Clerk in the Surveyor places the negroes of the south substantially on a footing with the negroes of Pennsylvania,-and no man here has stepped forward with a proposition to alter his condition by conferring on him the to the writer, if unclaimed within 30 days or

> Against the policy of the President admitting negroes to the witness stand, there is a rebellious spirit in Mississippi, and the contest will be watched with deep in-

Secretary Welles recently told the editor of the Hartford Press that if Mr. Johnson was at home and a private citizen, he would favor negro suffrage in Tennessee. Senator Dooltitle's account identified, have been sent to their rela- of the President's viwes is to the effect that he should desire that each Southern State should strike out all constitutional restrictions upon colored suffrage, and that the Legislature should be empowered to extend from time to time, the rights of suffrage to certain superior classes of the colored people, such as those who had performed the military service, who had for a lorg time been heads of families, and supported them by their own industry, and who had demonstrated clearly their intellectual fitness to exercise the right of

> THE MONROE DOCTRIE -Here is the whole story copied from Mr. Monroe's message, delivered December 2, 1823:

"With the existing colonies or depen-dencies of any European power we have not interfered and shall not interfere.— But with the governments who have declared their independence, and maintained it, and whose independence we have on great consideration and on just principles acknowledged, we could not view any inteposition for the purpose of oppressing them, or controlling in any other manner their destiny by any European power in any other light than as a manifestation of an unfriendly disposition toward the United States."

A NEW PROPOSITION .- The papers are circulating a proposed amendment to the Constitution, which contemplates the constant succession of the Vice President to the Presidency. A President and Vice President are elected. At the end of four years the former retires and the latter takes his place. Of course, at each subsequent election only a Vice President is chosen. In this way the one-term rule is adopted; the Vice President is selected with special reference to his fitness for the first position; and for four years he is being educated for the vast responsibilities he is to assume.

The President has feleased from confinement, on their paroles to appear at such time and place as he may designate, Vice President A. H. Stephens, Post Master General John A. Regan, Judge Labor A. Campbell Secretary of the Trees. The following is the official vote for John A. Campbell, Secretary of the Treas- this may not be case. Send on your orders ury George A. Trenholm, and Charles Clark, Governor of Mississippi. Jeff. Davis remains in Fortress Monroe.

### T ETTERS REMAINING UNCLAIMED IN THE POST OFFICE, At Ebensburg, State of Pennsylvania, Octobe: 1, 1865.

Samuel Goughanour, Geo. Gisley,

K. Hughes,

Mrs. Ann Walker.

W. H. Jones, Philip Ke arns, Dennis Murray, B. G. Noiler, Mrs. Mary Myers. W. R. Morgan, S. T. Nicholson, Mrs. Dortha Roberts Miss Jane Roberts, Henry Tucks, M. B. Wilson, 2, To obtain any of these letters, the appli-

P. Hoover,

S. W. Jones,

Ed. Jones,

cant must call for "advertised letters," give the date of this list, and pay one cent for adver-It not called for within one month, they will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

Prothon-

119

98 47 84

60 123 59

75 54

116 118

13 41

117

26 40

152

127 97

42 244 5 64

148

40

28 31

94

125 10

119

116

32

152

49

39

93 23

118

116

182

147

119

52 84

126

118

82 85 33

73 37

Free delivery of letters by carriers, at the residences of owners in cities and large towns secured by observing the following rules: 1. Direct letters plainly to the street and number, as well as the post office and State. 2. Head letters with the writer's post office

3. Letters to strangers or transient visitors in a town or city, whose special address may be unknown, should be marked, in the lower left-hand corner, with the word "Transient."

right-hand corner, and leave space between the stamp and direction for post-marking without intertering with the writing. less, written or printed with the writer's name post office, and State, across the left-hand end of the envelope, on the face side, will be com plied with at the usual prepaid rate of post-

age, payable when the letter is delivered to the writer.-Sec. 28, Law of 1863. JOHN THOMPSON, P. M.

DICTURES: PICTURES

CASES! PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS!

PHOTOGRAPHS | AMBROTYPES!

Large-size Photographs taken from Photographs, and Paguerreotypes,

Everybody should go their Pictures taken

Half Square North of the Diamond,

TEW TOWN.-

The subscriber would inform the publie that he has laid out a TOWN in Carroll township, 6 miles from Carrolltown, 12 miles from Ebensburg, 20 miles from Indiana, and 6 miles from Campbell's Bottom, called ST, NICHOLAS. A large number of lots have been sold therein, and several more can yet be bought. The location is good-ground productive, good water, &c. A new Catholic Church will be built inside its limits next

Any person desiring to invest in this new Town will please call on or address NICHOLAS LAMBOUR, Carrolltown, Pa.

Oct. 5, 1865-3t.\*

CURING DIPATHERIA whether it afflict a child or as it can be cured at once by the Radway's Ready Relief. Try be convinced, however skepti ria is a malignant sore throat, ditional and really fatal feat the anguish occasioned by the

124

28

116 117 116 117

District Commis- Pr. House

62 148 12

246

40 247 6 64

Miss Jane A. Jones. tion of such a delicate part of the membrane which so speedily throat, threatens a speedy dea cation. There is no time for to a crisis, The ablest medical me palled. They know not what feeling of certainty, and yet the have instant relief, or expire. Radway's Ready Relief, like a gel, and bids the sufferer live. to the throat, externally, with little of it mixed with water is g internally. The patient revive with more ease. He feels medicine inspiring his entire fan vigor. He rapidly improves un propriate treatment, and, in a walks forth, despite all predic

contrary, rescued from the m anything be more sure or more Radway's Ready Relief costs on a bottle-about half the sum you to expend for the first prescrip out for you by your medical atte great deal for the Radway's Ready Relief, but not an

than it conscientiously deserved promptly cure Diphtheria; will As an evidence of the remarks of Radway's Ready Relief in them 4. Place the postage stamp on the upper

Diphtheria, Sore Throat, Hoursens za, Coughs, and Colds, the realed to read the following letter. portant fact be borne in mini-Ready Relief never fails in withdray flammation to the surface. Let it the throat as directed, the patient

The following case is one out of we received in the winter of 1858the prevalence of this disease at A Mr. Gambrill of Albany, write

"Three of my children were sein peculiar sore throat, which has proa serious extent in this city, of which many children have died. It comm my family with a sore throat, hoarseness, sore lips, sore eyes, t would set in, and the skin turn to tint. I knew how good your Res and Pills were for the general rw plaints, and determined to risk the my children on their merits. My well founded. I gave each of there and rubbed their bodies from teal with the Relief. My children were as ever in twenty-four hours after your medicine. I believe, had my used the same means, they would in the lives of their children.

Radway's Ready Relief is sold by gists and country merchants, as Radway's office, 87 Maiden lane, E. Roberts, Agent, Ebensburg.

A DMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE Notice is hereby given that I son Duncan, late of Blacklick to co., deceased, have been granted dersigned, by the Register of Cam All persons knowing themselves in said estate are requested to make i payment, and those having claim said estate to present them proper ticated for settlement, to

REBECCA ANN DUNCAN, A Blacklick township, Oct. 5, 1865-6

TOTICE.-Notice is hereby given to sons that have unsettled accounts late firm of TUDOR & JONES to ward immediately and settle with dor, the surviving partner of the fin sent their claims, or pay their inde

Ebensburg, July 13, 1865.

OST .-A Strayed away from the premi subscriber, in Carroll tp., Cambria some time during the month of June. year old BULL, brindle color, mi white spots. The ear mark is a round slit in each ear. A reasonable rewar paid for his recovery. Sept. 14, 1865.-3t. \*

ELDERSRIDGE ACADEMY
Will open its Thirty-Eighth Se WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 11th. For ulars, address

Sept. 28, 1865.

Hon. George V. Lawrence, ber of Congress elect from the I

Fourth District, died at his reside

Indiana on last Tuesday, but for lod Coal furnished at reduced rates from last fall's prices.

WM. TILEY.

Hemlock, Cambria co., Aug. 24, 1865:-3m.

County offices only. The vote was ally light, but the result a most whelming Union triumph.